The Open Group OG0-041

The Open Group Open FAIR Part 1



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Question: 1

What does FAIR encourage when presenting results that include uncertainty? Response:

- A. Hide the uncertainty to reduce confusion
- B. Present a single deterministic number
- C. Show ranges and confidence levels
- D. Round all values to the nearest whole number

Answer: C

Question: 2

The term _____ is used in FAIR to describe outcomes that could happen, regardless of their likelihood.

Response:

- A. Risk
- **B.** Possibility
- C. Probability
- D. Vulnerability

Answer: B

Question: 3

Why are Open FAIR analyses not reliable predictors of the future? Response:

- A. They use outdated risk models
- B. They rely on intuitive guesswork
- C. They are built on probabilistic estimations, not deterministic guarantees
- D. They use only qualitative techniques

Answer: C

Question: 4

Which Open FAIR component directly quantifies the number of times a threat is expected to act against an asset per year?

Response:

- A. Primary Loss Magnitude
- B. Loss Event Frequency
- C. Threat Event Frequency
- D. Vulnerability

Answer: C

Question: 5

How does FAIR encourage handling uncertainty in inputs? Response:

- A. By ignoring it to keep results simple
- B. By using broad, unbounded ranges
- C. By always assigning fixed values to variables
- D. By using probabilistic ranges and distributions

Answer: D

Question: 6

Which component is most essential when building a business case from FAIR-based results? Response:

- A. Stakeholder mapping
- B. Loss magnitude and frequency metrics
- C. Color-coded risk matrices
- D. Threat agent names

Answer: B

Question: 7

When used alongside frameworks like NIST CSF, FAIR addsoutputs. Response:	capability to enhance their
A. qualitative storytelling B. regulatory enforcement C. quantitative analysis D. operational checklists	
	Answer: C
Question: 8	
Using data like logs and system reports provides en Response:	mpirical support in FAIR analysis.
A. Subjective B. Intuitive C. Objective D. Inferred	
	Answer: C
Question: 9	
Why is it important to consider diminishing returns in FAIR anal Response:	ysis?
A. It avoids regulatory penaltiesB. It helps optimize effort and analysis resourcesC. It ensures fixed numeric accuracyD. It prevents stakeholder questions	
	Answer: B
Question: 10	

What is the key difference between subjective and objective data in the context of FAIR measurement? Response:

- A. Objective data must be visualized; subjective data cannot
- B. Subjective data is based on opinion; objective data is based on empirical evidence

- C. Objective data is untrustworthy in high risk scenarios
- D. Subjective data always produces more accurate results

Answer: B

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