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Question: 1

Cloud Kicks wants to track and analyze user dashboard interactions with its Tableau Next assets for governance and adoption monitoring. Which capability should a Tableau Next Consultant activate to begin collecting user interaction data?

A. User Interaction Logging
B. Tableau Next Auditing
C. Session Tracing Data Model

Answer: A

Explanation:
User Interaction Logging is the capability used to begin collecting interaction data for governance and adoption analysis. In this scenario, Cloud Kicks needs visibility into how users interact with Tableau Next dashboard assets so administrators can evaluate usage patterns, adoption, and engagement. Enabling interaction logging creates the foundation for capturing those user events and making them available for downstream monitoring and analysis.
Tableau Next Auditing is associated with broader administrative audit and governance use cases, while Session Tracing is oriented toward tracing agent sessions and AI behavior. Neither is the specific capability identified here for initiating dashboard interaction collection. The requirement is centered on user activity against Tableau Next assets rather than agent reasoning or session diagnostics.
A consultant should distinguish telemetry collection from downstream analysis. First, interaction events must be captured through User Interaction Logging; those events can then be analyzed to understand which assets are used, how users engage with dashboards, and where adoption or governance attention is required. This supports operational oversight without changing the analytical content itself.
Reference/Topics: Basic Setup and Admin -> Tableau Next User Interaction Logging -> Governance and Adoption Monitoring.
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Question: 2

A Tableau Next Consultant is advising a customer on when to use Tableau Agent versus building a traditional Tableau Next dashboard. Which scenario is the best fit for Tableau Agent?

A. An analyst who requests to build a data science workflow

B. A chief financial officer (CFO) who asks for a fixed, one paged, monthly close report to share with the board
C. A sales manager asking, "What are my top accounts by Annual Contract Value (ACV) this quarter?"

Answer: C

Explanation:
Tableau Agent is optimized for conversational, exploratory analytics in which a business user asks natural-language questions and receives grounded answers and visualizations. A request such as, “What are my top accounts by Annual Contract Value this quarter?” maps directly to Tableau Agent's supported descriptive-analysis capabilities. Salesforce explicitly lists Top-N questions, aggregations, dimensional breakdowns, comparisons, and other business-oriented analytical questions among the supported conversational patterns.
A fixed monthly-close report for a board is better represented by a governed dashboard or reporting asset because its structure, presentation, and recurring content are predetermined. Likewise, Tableau Agent is not positioned as a general-purpose data-science workflow development environment.
The architectural distinction is important for the exam: dashboards provide curated, repeatable analytical experiences, whereas Tableau Agent adds an interactive conversational layer over semantic models. It translates the user's business question into semantic analytical operations and returns contextual text and visual output.
Reference/Topics: Agentic Experiences -> Analyze and Share Data in Tableau Next -> About Conversational Analytics -> Supported Questions and Surfaces.
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Question: 3

A Tableau Next Consultant is configuring a Salesforce Flow action on a dashboard widget. The flow requires an input value based on what a user clicks on another dashboard widget. Which input mapping type should the consultant select?

A. Dynamic Widget Field with a Result interaction
B. Dynamic Widget Field with a Selection interaction
C. Static String

Answer: B

Explanation:
The correct mapping is Dynamic Widget Field with a Selection interaction because the flow input must depend specifically on a value that the user selects in another dashboard widget. Salesforce distinguishes two dynamic interaction types when mapping dashboard data to Salesforce Flow inputs: Selection and Result. A Selection interaction passes the value resulting

from the user's selection in a widget, whereas a Result interaction passes a value derived from the widget query results.
A Static String would supply the same manually configured value every time and therefore cannot satisfy a requirement in which the flow input changes according to what the user clicks.
Operationally, the consultant configures the Salesforce Flow action, identifies the required flow input, selects Dynamic Widget Field, chooses the source widget and field, and sets the interaction type to Selection. This creates an actionable analytical experience where a user's interaction with dashboard data can directly feed contextual values into a Salesforce business process.
Reference/Topics: Visualizations and Dashboards -> Analyze and Share Data -> Add Single-Click Actions to Your Data -> Salesforce Flow Actions.
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Question: 4

A Tableau Next Consultant needs to migrate a newly developed Tableau Next semantic model and its associated dashboards from a sandbox to the production environment. The two environments are part of the same Salesforce organization hierarchy. Which deployment method should the consultant use to natively move these assets?

A. Inbound and Outbound Change Sets
B. Data 360 Ingestion API
C. Tableau Cloud Site Migration Tool

Answer: A

Explanation:
Among the listed choices, Inbound and Outbound Change Sets are the appropriate native Salesforce deployment mechanism. Tableau Next supports Salesforce Metadata API-based deployment capabilities, including change sets, for moving Tableau Next workspaces, visualizations, and dashboards between supported sandbox and target organizations. The workflow uses an outbound change set in the source org and an inbound change set in the target org.
The Data 360 Ingestion API is intended for bringing data into Data 360 rather than lifecycle deployment of Tableau Next metadata. The Tableau Cloud Site Migration Tool pertains to Tableau Cloud site migration and is not the Salesforce metadata deployment mechanism described here.
Reference/Topics: Managing Workspaces and Orgs -> Organize and Deploy Analytical Assets -> Deploy Tableau Next Assets.
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Question: 5

A Tableau Next Consultant is building a semantic model for a sales team. Although the "Profit Margin" field is defined, the Analytics Agent fails to surface it when users ask about "Earnings". Following best practice, how should the consultant resolve this within the semantic model?

A. Create a duplicate metric named "Earnings" to ensure a direct text match.
B. Add "Earnings" as a synonym or within the field description of the Profit Margin field.
C. Change the metric's aggregation type from 'Average' to 'Sum' in the semantic model.

Answer: B

Explanation:
The semantic model should be enriched so the agent can associate the organization's business language “Earnings” with the existing Profit Margin concept. Therefore, B is the correct answer.
Semantic models provide the business-context layer that allows Tableau Agent to translate natural-language terminology into governed analytical definitions. Salesforce recommends clear, contextual names and descriptions and explicitly highlights synonyms as an important semantic consideration for agent readiness.
Salesforce's Tableau Semantics training also explains that synonyms broaden the agent's understanding of terminology used by business users, allowing alternate terms to map back to authoritative metrics and definitions.
Creating a duplicate metric merely to support another phrase introduces redundant semantic definitions and increases ambiguity. Salesforce specifically recommends eliminating redundant or overlapping calculated definitions rather than multiplying them. Changing aggregation from Average to Sum would alter mathematical behavior and does nothing to resolve a terminology-discovery problem.
Reference/Topics: Data Setup -> Create Semantic Models -> Design Semantic Models for AI Readiness -> field descriptions, synonyms, ambiguity resolution.
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