# Latest Version: 7.2 Subjects

- 1. Product Cost Planning
- 2. Cost Object Controlling
- 3. Profitability Analysis
- 4. Organizational Assignments and Process Integration
- 5. Reporting
- 6. Internal Order Accounting
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- 8. Profit Center Accounting
- 9. Cost Center Accounting

Topic: 1

**Product Cost Planning** 

## Question: 1

You want to create a new standard cost estimate based on the quantity structure of the existing standard cost estimate.

Which object do you use?

- A. Costing type
- B. Reference variant
- C. Costing version
- D. Transfer control

**Answer: B** 

#### **Product Cost Planning**

## Question: 2

You want to maintain a cost component structure.

What can you determine for each cost component? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. Relevance of cost component to results analysis
- B. Relevance of cost component to inventory valuation
- C. Assignment of cost component to cost component group
- D. Assignment of cost component to calculation base for overheads in costing sheet
- E. Relevance of cost component to goods manufactured

Answer: B, D, E

#### **Product Cost Planning**

#### **Question: 3**

Which of the following objects can be selected in templates for activity-based costing? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Business process
- B. Cost center/activity type
- C. WBS element
- D. Internal order

Answer: A, B

#### **Product Cost Planning**

## Question: 4

How can you define the overhead rate in a costing sheet? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. As quantity-based surcharge
- B. As fixed value
- C. As equivalence number
- D. As percentage rate

**Answer: A and D** 

#### **Product Cost Planning**

## Question: 5

You want to determine which operations of the routing should be considered in a product cost calculation.

How do you do this? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. By marking the cost indicator in the control key assigned to the operation
- B. By defining a usage key in the header of the routing
- C. By marking the Relevance to Costing indicator in the operation
- D. By assigning a cost center to the work center in the operation

Answer: A, C

**Product Cost Planning** 

## **Question: 6**

You create a new cost estimate.

Which of the following steps are required to update the standard price of the material? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. Run the cost estimate.
- B. Simulate the cost estimate.
- C. Activate the cost estimate.
- D. Release the cost estimate.
- E. Mark the cost estimate.

Answer: A, D, E

#### **Product Cost Planning**

## **Question: 7**

In the material master record there are three planned prices: "Planned price 1", "Planned price 2" and "Planned price 3".

What do you use them for? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. To valuate future goods movements
- B. To valuate the materials in cost estimates
- C. To update the standard price at release of a cost estimate
- D. To be used for reporting purposes

Answer: B,D

#### **Product Cost Planning**

## **Question: 8**

Which processes split costs into their primary cost components? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Business process price calculation
- B. Execution of the assessment cycles
- C. Top down distribution
- D. Cost center/activity type price calculation

Answer: A, D

**Product Cost Planning** 

## Question: 9

Which scenarios can be covered by one single costing run? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Standard cost estimate of all the materials in all company codes of a controlling area
- B. Current cost estimate of all the materials in one plant
- C. Inventory cost estimate of all the materials in one plant
- D. Standard cost estimate of all the materials in all controlling areas

Answer: A, C

#### **Product Cost Planning**

# Question: 10

You want to use a template to consider overhead during product costing. How do you assign the template to your material?

- A. Using an origin group and an overhead group
- B. Using an overhead group and an overhead key
- C. Using a costing key and an overhead key
- D. Using a cost component group and an overhead group

**Answer: B**